ROBBED THE POST GRADUATE SCHOOL.

Hall is Only 19, and Had the Recommends

tion of the Y. M. C. A.

A well-dressed, clean-shaven young man,

who said he was Harry Hall, 19 years old of

226 Fast Twentleth street, was arrested by Detectives Cary and Doran yesterday on

charge of stealing \$430 from the Post Gradu-

About a year ago Hall was appointed assist-

ant superintendent of the institution. It was

his duty to collect tuition fees from the stu-

dents and money due for board from the pay

patients in the hospital. Hall had been rec-

ommended by the Y. M. C. A., and the trustees

placed perfect confidence in him until they

placed perfect confidence in him until they discovered that the accounts were short \$150. The deflect could not be traced directly to Hall, but the young man was told that he need not collect any more money.

In spite of this order the assistant superintendent kept on making collections, but he caused to make returns tothe trustees Among those who paid money to Hall are Dr. McDenald, Bernard Glenn, John Anderson, Dr. Buil, Dr. Schoney, and Dr. Rice.

At the Jefferson Market Court resterday Hall was remained to Police Headquarters, pending a further investigation by the detectives.

Work of a Lone Train Robber,

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 8-A masked man got on

the eastbound Missouri Pacific passenger train

at the Grand avenue depot in this city at 10

o'clock last evening and entered the express

car. He overpowered the messenger, George

McLaughlin, and opened the safe and secured

a large sum of money, which is estimated at \$3,000. At Sheffleld, a suburb, he jumped from the train and disappeared. The messenger was bound and gagged and could not give the alarm until the train reached independence. A posse is searching for the man, but with little hopes of securing him.

Business - Motices.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children ecthing softens the gums, reduces inflammation, al-ays pain, cures wind colic, diarrhua 25c, bottle.

MARRIED.

SMITH-BROWN -On Thursday, Sept. 8, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Ed.

ward B. Cee, D. D., Anna Walton, daughter of

Warren G. Brown, to Charles Stewart Smith, all of

DIED.

Relatives and friends are invited to at end the funeral from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Andrew Wood,

16 Moffatt st., Brooklyn, Saturday A. M., Sept. 10,

and thence to St. Francis De Sales Church, where

a solemn mass will be said for the repose of her

City, L. L. Artbur, youngest child of Charles W. and Caroline Rowne Carpenter. Funeral private at residence Sept. 10 at 12 o'clock.

CARPENTER.—On Wednesday, Sept. 7, in Garden

CEOM W F.L., On Weilnesday, Sept. 7, at the reci-dence of his uncte, Mr. Edwin Heers, in Brooklyn, Phis Bowman Cromwell, son of Frederic and Esther Histed Cromwell, aged 17 years. The funeral services will be held at the Church of the

Heavenly Rest, 5th av., near 45th st., New York, on

Bayenly Rest, 5th av., near shift at., New York, on Saturiar, Sept. O. at 10 A. M.

FITZI'ATRICK,—At Scabright, N. J., on Tuesday, S. pt. O. Mary, beloved wife of J. Joseph Fitspatrick, in the 25th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Friday, Sept. 0, at 10:30 A. M., from her later actions 2. West 60th At. Theorem.

from her late residence, 71 West 46th st. Thence to St. Patrick's Cathedral, 5th av., where a mass of requiem will be offered. Interment in Calvary. PLOSES.—On Wednesday, Sept. 7, 1892, Henry, be-

Relatives, friends, and members of Bethany Congregational Church are respectfully invited to attend

the funeral from his late residence, 425 West 86th

at on Friday, Sept. 9, at 1 P. M.; thence to Bethan thurch, 10th av., between 35th and 36th ata

Please omit flowers.

HAR RES.—At Green's Farms, Conn., Sept. 7, Edwin

Webb, third son of Thomas L. and the late Anne L. Harris, 10 his 32d year. Funeral on Saturday, 1 P. M., at the residence of his

HORN.F.—On Tuesday, Sept. 6, 1892, Margaret, wife of William Horne, aged 65. Funeral services at her late residence, 67 East 121st

Funeral at First Presbyterian Church, Stamford,

Sept. 8, 2 P. M. Burial at Hobart, N. Y. STILLWELL, -At Gravesend Seach, L. L. on Wed-

nesday, Sept. 7, Capt. James Stillwell, aged 78

years. clatives and friends are invited to attend the fune

rai from his late residence on Saturday, Sept. 10, at 2 P. M. Interment in Greenwood.

STRATION. Suddenly, on Thursday, Sept. 8, Thomas Stration, in the 84th year of his age. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral

from his late residence, 46 Livingston at., Brook-

lyn, on Saturday, Sept. 10, 1862, at 3 o'clock P. M. WARD,—At Litenfield, Conn., on Thursday morning,

WOOLSEY, In Jersey City, on Sept. 8, 1892, Ednah Cushing, widow of Capt. Charles A. Woolsey

Special Motices.

Mew Publications

loved son of Henry and Elizabeth Flohr.

uncle, A. J. Winterton, 118 West 75th at.

st. on Friday, the 9th inst., at 8 P. M. MARVINE, -At Greycourt Inn, Stamford, Delaware county, N. V., Sept. 6, 1852, Anthony Y. Marvine,

aged 84 years.

orge E. Ward.

aged 70 years.

Funeral private.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

livrnes, beloved wife of Edward Breuning,

ate Medical School and Hospital.

# DINED WITH MR. CLEVELAND.

MURPHY, STEEHAN, AND CROKER GUESTS OF THE CANDIDATE. Hugh McLaughiin Couldn't Come-The State

of Afairs in New York Frankly Dis-cussed with a View of Getting Together -Mr. Cleveland to Visit the City Often. Ex-President Cleveland, accompanied by ex-Postmaster-General Donald M. Dickinson and Robert Lincoln O'Brien, Mr. Cleveland's primorning on the Fall River steamboat Pilgrim. Mr. Cleveland had not intended returning to town until later in the month or the first week in October. At the request of William C. White ney and others, Mr. Dickinson cordially coinelding, Mr. Dickinson visited Buzzard's Bay and suggested a change in the ex-President's programme. In fact he requested Mr. Cleveland to return with him immediately to New York. He conveyed to the ex-President the wishes of Mr. Whitney and the others, and Mr.

Claveland promptly complied. Ir was not intended that his visit should be advertised from the housetops. Very few persons in New York were aware of the message conveyed by Mr. Dickinson. Herrman Ridder, publisher of the Staats Zeitung, who was one of Mr. Whitney's guests at the dinner on Tuesday evening, and who called upon Mr. Cleveland yesterday, explained that knowledge of the contemplated trip probably leaked out at Buzzard's Pay when the tickets to New York were purchased.

The little party was driven from the steamboat wharf to the Victoria Hotel. A suite of apartments had been set aside for Mr. Cleve-land and his secretary. Additional pariors had been engaged for the reception of the expected visitors.

Mr. Whitney called after breakfast, and, after a short conversation with Mr. Cleveland, he went to the Hoffman House, where he saw Edward Murphy, Jr., Chairman of the Demoeratic State Committee, and Lieut.-Gov. Shee han, Chairman of the Democratic State Campaign Committee. Mr. Whitney informed these gentlemen of Mr. Cleveland's presence in the city, and of his desire to see them and discuss the political situation in the State. It was decided that this could best be done in the evening, when interruptions from visitors could be avoided.

was decided that this could best be done in the evening, when interruptions from visitors could be avoided.

It was thereupon arranged that Mr. Cleveland should be host at a little dinner party at the Victoria in the evening. The guests, other than Mr. Marphy and Mr. Sheehan, were to be Rielard Croker, the leader of Tammany Hall, Hugh McLaughlin, leader of Tammany Hall, Hugh McLaughlin, leader of the Brockiva Democrata, and Mr. Diekinson and Mr. Whitney of the National Democratic Campaign Committee. Mr. McLaughlin seldom leaves his home in the evening, but otherwise the programme was carried out. The little dinner party did not break up until late.

Mr. Cleveland may remain in town several days. Then again he may be ready to return to Buzzard's Bay this afternoon. He is anxious to return by to-morrow evening certainly. His letter of acceptance is scarcely under way, and Chalyann Harrity of the National Democratic Committee and others of Mr. Cleveland's friends have importuned him to hasten it. Partisanship aside, the Democrats at headquarters look upon President Harrison's letter of acceptance as a strong political document for his side. They want a counter blast.

The incidental conversations Mr. Cleveland had during the day made it manifest that the Democratic machinery of the State which is to get out the vote on Nov. 8 is largely directed by Mr. Murphy, Mr. Sheehan, Senator Hill, Mr. Croker, and Mr. McLaughlin. This was emphasized at the dinner in the evening. As one of Mr. Cleveland's friends had announced that his visit here at this time was made for the purpose of "allaving any auxiety as to the campaign in New York," the knowledge that the purpose of "allaving any auxiety as to the campaign in New York," the knowledge that the pontienen in control of the machinery were working in unison was regarded as significant. The situation in the State was frankly and honestly considered. It was almitted that there were weak spots, especially in a number of the interior counties. The reports from the upcountry Dem

enthusias mover the prospects of their candidate. The political season, in other words, is backward, and steps must be taken in the Democratic camp to force it. Mr. Cleveland listened attentively and concluded that as soon as is compatible with his other arrangements he would visit. Now York every week until the time comes for him to return permanently. He does not warm up to the idea of making many, if any, speeches, but he will be guided by circumstances. His health is good, and he is as dark as mahegany.

Among the ex-President's callers were Mr. Harrity, Mr. Smalley, Col. John ft. Fellows, Wilson S, Bissell, Mr. Cleveland's former law partner; George lifeistein, proprietor of the Wilson S, Bissell, Mr. Cleveland's former law partner; George Bleistein, proprietor of the Buffalo Courses; Judge culter of Schenectady, George G. Haven, George F. Farker, Senator Gibson, and Senator White of Louisiana, Congressman Coombs, Secretary Sheerin, Henry Villard, Josiah Quiney, Judge B. Cady Herrick of Alvany, Clinton Beckwith, ex-Secretary of State Frederick Cook, M. A. Leary of Penn Yan, John N. Carlisles, M. H. Northrup of Syracuse, Clinton Davis and R. Hicks of Connecticut, Edward Everett Bell, John Courtney, Jr., and others.

Senator Hill was at the Delayan in Albany last night.

Senator Hill was at the Delavan in Albany last right.

More Democrats touched elbows in Chairman Harrity's bureau yesterday than had been there on any day since campaigning began. A number of the Democratic State Committeemen tyrned up at national headquarters and exchanged chestnuts with James Paradiss Oliver. The interest of the visitors was centred in the appearance of Mr. Cleveland in town and the prospects of a determined battle all along the line in New York State.

The Convention of Democratic clubs to be held in this city on Oct. 4 and 5 will conveno in the American Industrial Union Hall, Fortythird and Forty-fourth streets and Lexington avenue.

# NEW HAMPSHIRE DEMOCRATS.

Inther F. Mckinney Nominated for Gov-ernor and the Force Bill Denounced.

CONCORD. N. H., Sept. 8.-When the Hon. John P. Bartlett, Chairman of the Democratic State Convention, called the Convention to order at 11:20 o'clock this morning every seat in Phornix Hall was occupied. The officers and committees selected at last night's caucus were elected officials of the Convention. Chairman Charles H. Amsden of Con cord spoke at length on the issues of the day. and then the Committee on Credentials reported 722 delegates entitled to seats in the Convention, all but five towns in the State be-

ported 722 delegates entitled to seats in the Convention, all but five towns in the State being represented. The Hon. S. B. Page of Woodsville, for the Committee on Resolutions, reported the platform. It declared for tariff reform and contained the following on the Force bill and other issues:

"We denounce the attempt of the Republican party in the Fifty-first Congress to take from the sovereign people of the sovereign States of the Union their inalienable right to hold elections in the manner guaranteed to them by the Constitution without the interference of the Federal Government and unawed by the presence at the polls of a standing army of Federal officeholders. We demand free elections for a free people.

"The unscrupulous methods through which the present Republican mational Administration came into power and its treasonable attempt to pass a Force bill were successfully imitated and paralleled by the Republican party of New Hampshire at our last State election. We call upon the people of this State at the coming election to sid us in righting the flagrant wrong committed at the assembling of the last Legislature, which with its subservient Clerk nullified the election of Representatives throughout the State. An armed mob, at the command of the revolutionary Governor, filled the Capitol and insulted the people's representatives while the largeny of the State Government was accomplished."

The Hon. Luther F. McKinney of Manchester, Cryus Bargent of Plymouth, and John M. Mitchell of Concord were chosen Presidential electors.

# Democrate Boss Thean Papers.

The application of Arthur G., Edwin, and George G. Bedell to have set aside the election of trustees of the West Side Publishing Company by which they were ousted from the Company by which they were ousted from the control of the Westchester Tones and the Daily Advocate has been denied by Justice Andrews of the Supreme Court. Civil Justice W. G. McCrea, who bought a controlling interest in the company for \$10,000, declared that the Bedell brothers had turned the papers into kepublican papers because they could not get money from him and the Democratic managers of the district. After the election on July '28 the new trustees had made the papers Democratic, and Democratic they remain.

# Says She was Forced to Marry.

Justice Patterson of the Supreme Court has appointed Stephen W. Collins of Harrison, guardian of Eya F. C. Noe, aged 17 years, to brosecute a suit for the annulment of her mar-riage to Pierre Albertus Noe, into which she snys she was coerced on July 6 last.

# A FASCINATING UNDERTAKER.

It Was Not Funerals He Came to Consult the Florist's Wife About. Martin Odendahl, an undertaker at 115 East Phird street, has been arrested on an order of Judge Rischoff of the Court of Common Pleas. and has given \$2,500 ball in an action brought against him by Charles Spenger, a florist, to ecover \$25,000 damages for the alienation of the affections of Spenger's wife Louise.

In October, 1887, Spenger became acquainted

with Odendahl at a meeting of the Knights

and Ladies of Honor. Spenger says that Odendahl, in the year 1800, called so often while he was away from his store at 137 Avenue A, that comment was caused among the neighbors.

was away from his store at 137 Avenue A. that comment was caused among the neighbors. Louis told her husband that Odendahl was getting flowers for his funerals.

Last April. Spenger says, he was returning late at night from Staten Island. As he wont into the rear of his shop he saw the dark form of a man leaping over the back room, innocently arranging some primoses, said it must have been a shadow that her husband saw. Mrs. Dors Hoppe makes affidavit that she recognized the substance of Mr. Odendahl clearing the fence.

Further explonage over his wife gave the husband additional information with which he confronted her on May 13. He says that she confessed her relations with Odendahl, but said that he had "coerced her and exercised such an evil influence that she was unable to resist him." Spenger said he would forgive her if she would shun the undertaker thereafter, and he warned Odendahl that if he came to the shop again he would get hurt.

On July 12. Spenger says, he found that Odendahl had been around again. He told his wife, who again said she was unable to resist him. She tried to strangle herself with a napikin. That day she disappeared. Spenger says she had previously forged two checks on him for \$40 each. Spenger found Odendahl's father that Odendahl had disappeared the same day.

Lucy Hoope, who worked in the florist's shop, says she received a silver watch from Odendahl for her silence, but her mother made her return it.

### THRIVING UNDER PROTECTION.

Tiffany's Latest Enterprise Shows the Progress of American Industry. The foundations have been laid at Forest Hill, a northern suburb of Newark, for a big manufactory to be operated by Tiffany & Co. the Union square jewelers. The factory will be completed next spring, and it will furnish employment for 350 hands. The present factory of the company in Newark will be abandoned. For a number of years all of the plated ware sold by Tiffany & Co. has been manufactured in Newark. For more than a year the company has been making experiments looking to the manufacturing also of high-class table cutlery. It has for some time purchased English blades and manufactured its own mountings. Manager Charles T.

purchased English blades and manufactured its own mountings. Mannger Charles T. Cook of the firm said yesterday that they had at last determined to manufacture their own cutiery for a number of reasons.

Our experimental work shows that we can make as good blades as are made in England, sold he. "Our mountings are better. We can connecte in price because of the tariff, and we can produce what the neeple want on this side of the water in the matter of styles and sizes. One of the difficulties we have encountered in dealing with foreign cutiery manufacturers is that they are too conservative. They insist on our taking what they make, and will not change their styles to make what conditions of life in this country demand. Now that we are going to manufacture cutlery, we require increased facilities, and therefore we are building the new factory at Forest Hill. We expect to have 100 men employed on table cutlery at first, but the industry is liable to grow. Our manicure sets are now made in England from designs made by us. We will probably make them ourselves hereafter, and the manufacture of pocket cutlery may follow.

"There is no pelitics in this. It is purely a matter of business. There was a time when the only workmen we employed were a few watch renairers and engravers. We imported nearly everything we sell which we do not make ourselves. Fans, opera glasses, Paris, Berlin, and Vienna knick-knacks, clocks, bronzes, and pottery are about the only things we import aside from precious stones, and many of these are now cut by our own workmen here. There is no doubt that the tariff has made this possible, and enabled us to employ 1,000 workmen in manufacturing where we formerly employed none."

# REPUBLICAN CENSUSING.

# Local Leaders Don't Take Kindly to the

Plan Worked in the Country. The Republican County Executive Committee has been called to meet in Grand Opera House Hall on Wednesday afternoon next. It may then decide what to do with the thousands of blankbooks which the State Committee has provided for the purpose of taking a poll list of all the voters of the city. The poll list of all the voters of the city. The books contain instructions to canvassers to assertian the political preference of every voter, his nationality, what newspaper he takes, and to secure such other data regarding him as may assist the political managers at guessing at the result of the election or will aid them in changing it. The general impression among the members of the Executive Committee is that the proposed canvass is impracticable, would furnish no reliable basis for calculation or work when made, and would cost many thousands of dollars, which could be spent to greater advantage in the Securing of votes. But such a canvass is already under way in the rural school districts. The County Committee will meet in the Grand Opera House Hail Thursday evening.

# LOUISIANA POLITICS.

# for Congress-Republican Harmony.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 8.—The movement begun in the sugar district of this State on the part of the sugar and rice planters, irrespective of politics, to elect a Republican Congressman has culminated in the nomination of John T White. This movement was supported by the Planters' Protective Association, a large pro-They took the view that the Democrats in Congress showed such hostility to the sugar and rice interests that a Republican ought to be elected from the district who could go into the Republican caucus and protect these interests against hostile legislation.

At the meeting strong resolutions were adopted in favor of protection. The Republicans will endorse the nomination.

The two factions into which the Republican party of the State split in January last on the lottery question have come together. A new electoral Republican ticket will be put out, made up from the two old ones. The factions will also act together in the matter of Congress, nominating only one Republican candidate in each district, where a separate convention had previously been called by each faction. They took the view that the Democrats in

### South Carolina Republican Plans. CHARLESTON, Sept. 8.-It is learned from

trustworthy sources that a call will be issued n a few days for a State Republican Convention at Columbia on Sept. 20. It is said that a tion at Columbia on Sept. 29. It is said that a serious effort will be made then to nominate Thomas B. Johnson, the Collector of this port, for Governor. Those who are engineering the Johnson boom say there are 05,000 negro votes registered, and that if these can be brought out they will elect Johnson, owing to the lack of interest which usually prevails among the whites at a general election.

# Grace Might Get the Primaries.

The Special Committee of seven district leaders appointed to prepare plans for the reorganization of the New York Democracy met yesterday afternoon. They remained in secret session for two hours, and then refused to reveal the result of their conference. The difficulty which they are said to have encountered is the possibility that the friends of William B. Grace would carry the primaries in a majority of the districts, thus accuring control of the organization. in the office of D. N. Carvalho, 205 Broadway

# Cleveland's Academy of Music Burned.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 8 .- The Academy of Music, on Bank street, was destroyed by fire this morning. The Kennard House was in imminent danger for a time, and there was a miniment anger to a time, and there was a which rush of guests. The Academy was the oldest theatro in the city, and had become a variety resort. No company was playing there this week. The Oyster Ocean, sporting headquarters of the city, occupied the ground floor and was ruined. The fire started from some unknown source in the theatre, Loss, \$25,000.

# Its Capital Increased to \$30,000,000.

ALBANY, Sept. 8 .- A certificate was filed with the Secretary of State to-day setting forth that the capital of the Metropolitan Traction Company has been increased from \$10,000 to \$30,000,000. All of the original capital has been paid to, and the debts and liabilities do not exceed \$10,000. For the privilege of increase the company had to pay the State a tax of \$37,457.

### A WEDDING TOUR AROUND THE WORLD.

President Smith of the Chumber of Commerce Weds Miss Anna Walton Brown. Mr. Charles Stewart Smith, President of the New York Chamber of Commerce was married yesterday afternoon to Miss Anna Walton Brown, the daughter of Mr. Warren G. Brown of 111 West Ninety-third street. The Rev. Edward B. Coe, pastor of the Forty-eighth Street Collegiate Dutch Church, performed the

ceremony. The bride and groom stood under

a bower of roses and smilax. There were no

ridesmaids, and only the members of the two families and intimate friends, about thirty in all, were present.
The bride's wedding dress was of lavender satin, en train, and she wore a diamond star, a gift from the groom, a diamond breastpin given by the Misses Smith, and a diamond croscent sont by Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie. She wore no veil. Her going-away dress was of light tan serge. Mr. and Mrs. Smith went to Montreal on the evening train. and from there will go to Vancouver's Island. They will sail from Vancouver's Island on the 18th inst. for Japan, and from there will go to

India. They intend to make a tour of the world and to return to New York in about six months. Among the guests at the wedding were Commodore James D. Smith of the New York Yacht Club and Mr. Walter Smith, brothers of

Yacht Club and Mr. Walter Smith, brothers of the groom; his sons Mr. Stewart Woodruff Smith and Mr. Howard Smith; Mr. Wm. L. Jenkins, Mr. and Mr. Alfred S. Brown and the Misses Brown, the Misses O'Hara, Miss Phelps, Miss Dean, and Miss Julia Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith received a great many handsome presents. Mr. Stewart Woodruff Smith gave a dressing table set of silver and Mr. Howard Smith a silver coffee and tea set, Mr. Alfred Lockwood Brown, brother of the bride, two silver dishes; Miss Phelps a silver bowl, Miss Tucker a tete-a-teto silver tea set, and Miss Dean a silver tea urn. The parents of the bride gave handsome sets of forks, spoons, and knives.

The acquaintance of Mr. Smith with his present wife is of long standing, and ripened into a stronger attachment when, about two years ago, they were members of a party invited to a company Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie on a trip through Mexico and the southwest. Mr. Smith had then been a widower for several years.

HAYNES—GALE.

In the Church of All Souls, Fourth avenue

Smith had then been a widower for several years.

HAYNES-GALE.

In the Church of All Souls, Fourth avenue and Twentieth street, at 8 o'clock last night, Miss Minna Kathalina Gale, the actress, and Mr. Archibald Cushman Haynee were married. The ushers were Mr. Henry W. Havnes, a son of the bridegroom: Mr. Santiago T. Cahili, Mr. Arthur D. Benson, and Mr. Charles C. Kathilelseh. Each wore a huge boutomiree of white pinks. The bride was given away by Mr. David Williams, a relative. She wore a white corded silk made with very long plain skirt. The V-shaped bodice was claborately trimmed with point de Venise lace. Her white tulle vell was fastened with small sprays of natural orangs blossoms and several small diamond bins, which were arranged crown ike about the top of her head. Besides a small bunch of white roses she carried a silver-bound hrayer book, a gift from her sister, Miss Edith M. Gale. The bridegroom's gift was also worn. It was a necklace of solitaire diamonds, to which was attached a pendant of rubles. Miss Edith M. Gale was the maid of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Maude Appleton of Boston and Miss Jessie Spaulding of Chicago. These young ladies wore white silk made with demi-train, low neck and short siceves, and embellished with white chiffon. They seach carried a large bouquet of Catharine Mermet roses. The best man was Mr. Daniel Elmer of Burlington, N. J. The marriage service was read by the pastor of the church, the liev, Dr. Theodore C. Williams, A wedding supper and reception followed at Shorry's on Fifth avenue. Mr. Harnes is the manager of the metropolitan department of the Equitable Life Assurance Company and Vice-President of the Hamilton Disson Investment Company. His wile will not abandon the stage.

the singe.

Brattlebord, Vt., Sopt. &—The wedding of Miss Alice Shea, second daughter of exchief Justice George Shea, formerly of the Marine Court of New York, to Mr. Erastus Glidden of Thiladelphia, took place this evening in St. Michnel's Protostant Episcopal Church. The Rev. Dr. William R. Collins, the rector of the church, and the Rev. Dr. Sentury, rector of the Episcopal Church of the Annunclation of New York city, were the officiating cleraymen. The bride wore white lustreless sike crépe, trimmed with embroidered silk, and a veil of white point applique lace, which was caught up with a large diamond star pin. She carried a whitebound prayer book. The bridesmaids, in protive gowns of white India mult, made with herthas, were: Miss Rose Wilcoxson, Miss Elizabeth Marshall, Miss Elizabeth Cushman, Miss Edna Storm, and Miss Virginia Boyil, cousins of the bride: Miss Marguerite and Miss Ruth Osborn of Boston, cousins of the bridegroom. Mr. Henry Dewey of Boston acted as best man. The ushers were: Mr. Rudolph Faber, Mr. George Shea, Jr., brother of the bride; Mr. Henry Crosby, Mr. William F. Collins, Mr. Howard Cushman, and Mr. Albert Hergman of New York: Mr. Arthur and Mr. Richard Graves of New Haven, Conn. A large reception was held at the home of Judge Shea. The grounds were illuminated with hundreds of electric lights, which were covered with globes of variegated colors, Dancing GLIDDEN-SHEA. shea. The grounds were illuminated with hundreds of electric lights, which were cov-ered with globes of variegated colors. Dancing took place in a large tent creeted upon the

# THEY PLUNDER THREE COUNTIES.

# A Gang of Outlaws Revelling at the Ex-

Belleville, with its pretty homes and charming situation on the west bank of the Passaic River, is none the less seemingly behind many of its younger and more progressive neigh-boring towns. Just now it is suffering from the frequent raids of a band of lawless young ruffians, who have terrorized the town's peaceloving citizens. Belleville has no police force. and is therefore practically at the mercy of the lawbreakers, who have established them-selves in the abandoned underground passages of the old copper mine near Arlington. The mine is in liorgen county, just across the Hudson county line. The location of the rendexous enables them when pursued to cross from one county to another with ease, and thus dely arrest. Of late they have committed many daring highway robberles and burgmany daring highway robberles and burg-

many daring highway robberies and burglaries.

A few nights ago they raided a beer wagon,
heat the driver, and stole three kegs of heer.
Then they stolen beer tap at a saloon in Beileville, and held high carnival until the beer
was all gone, when two of the party-started
out to forage for more. They returned with
two kegs which they had stolen from a saloon
near Belleville. They are armed with revolvers and terrorize all who interfere with
them. They live upon food stolen from the
rosidences of three counties and get their
pocket money by holding up wayfarers and
teamsters along the highways.

No organized effort has so far been made to
arrest the outlaws.

### WHAT CAUSED MURRAY'S DEATH? Ille Nephew Helleves His Skull Was Frac-

tured in a Hospital. John Murray, an elderly bookbinder, who resided at 155 Thompson street, became ill from a complication of causes about a month ago, and, as he did not improve, it was finally re solved to take him to St. Vincent's Hospital. A private room was engaged for him in the hospital at the rate of \$15 a week, and on Monday night, John Gallagher, his nephew, of 133 West Houston street, accompanied him there.

west Houston street, accompanied him there. When Mr. Murray arrived at the hospital door he had not a spot or a bruise on him his nephew says.

Consequently when on Wednesday night he was told of Murray's death, and was informed that it had probably resulted from Injury to the brain, he was much surprised. He was still more astonished when he saw Mr. Murray's body and found the right eye blackened and a bruise over the left eye. He at once declared that these marks must have been received in the hospital, and that if they indicated skull fracture, the fracture must have heen caused in St. Vincent's. House Surgeon Foley said in reply that Mr. Murray had both black eye and bruise when admitted to the hospital, while an assistant surgeon said tersely. We don't break skulls here."

An autopsy made by Coroner's Physician Donlin yesterday showed death to be due to coma following cerebral hemorrhage. The broken bloodvessels from which the brain had become suffused were in the front part of the skull under the marks on the dead man's face. Coroner Schultze will investigate the case.

Pretsnurgh, Sopt. 8 .- A physician in driving hurriedly to visit a patient yesterday afternoon, lost his medicine case. It contained numerous viais of sugar-coated pills. Three boys, Raif McAulley, aged 3, and Willie and James McKelvey, aged 2 and 4 years, who were playing near the curl on Carver street, found it. Its contents filled their little hearts with delight. There was nothing but candy. They went to an orchard and began to devour the pills. Somelone saw them. They were hurried home, dosed with milk, and a doctor was sent for. The latter administered anti-dotes for poison and brought a stomach pump into use. The children were in excruciating pains up to midnight, when they began to mend. The doctor spent most of the nightly with them, and this morning pronounced them out of danger. James McKelvey, aged 2 and 4 years, who

### FRANCIS KERNAN.

### The Career of a Democratic Leader ta New

Tork. ALBANY, Sept. 8 - Francis Kernan, who died at his home in Utica on Wednesday, had not been active in the politics of the State since 1888. but as the sole surviving Democratic ex-United States Senator from New York, and as the last connecting link between two illustrious periods of Democratic supremacy in New York, his demise revives many political memories. Mr. Kernan was the last of the distinguished "Utica trio," Horatio Seymour and Roscoe Conkling being his compeers and political contemporaries. Mr. Conkling was his unsuccessful compatitor for Congress in the year in which Mr. Seymour, five times a candidate for the office, was last chosen Governor, Afterward Conkling and Kernan, one a Republican, and the other a Democrat, were colcagues in Washington, as they were neighbors in Utiea. Tom Platt succeeded Mr. Kernan in the Senate. The place is now filled by

Senator Hill. Mr. Kernan's identification with the Domocracy of New York, as a leader, was due to Samuel J. Tilden. He had previously served in the Assembly, had been reporter of the Court of Appeals, and had been a member of Congress, but he did not become a leader until Mr. Tilden, with unerring political instinct, correctly estimating his power and usefuless, enlisted him in the reform movement of 1871, which revived, restored, and completely rejuvenated the forces of the Democracy in the Empire State, and gave it a momentum the strength of which is not yet, twenty years later, entirely spent. This account of the establishment of cordial relation between the two distinguished Democrats is to be found in Mr. Tilden's papers:

necessary. The first man I sought was Francis Kernan, ills freedom from all entanglements (whether personal or political) with corrupt interests or corrupt men, his high standard of public duty, his disinterestedness and independence, his tact and eloquence in debate, his general popularity and the readiness of his district to send him as a delegate, made him my neces-

sary ally." Together, here in Albany, in the month of August, 1871, the Democratic plan of campaign was agreed upon between Mr. Tilden and Mr. Kernan. It was, with entire success, carried into effect soon afterward, and in 1872 Mr. Kernan, who had provoked the hostility of the dominant Democratic leaders by his adhesion to the reform cause of Tilden, was the Democratic candidate for Governor. He was defeated, but the reverse was but a temporary one; he bided his time. Two years later Mr. Tilden accepted the Democratic nomination for Governor and was elected by 50,000 majority. One of the first fruits of his success was the election of Mr. Kernan to the United States Senate for the term of six years, succeeding Reuben E. Fenton.

The election of Mr. Kernan marked a new era in politics in New York. The political career of Fenton ended on the day that Kernan succeeded to his place in Washington. War politics as such ended in New York at the same time. With Fenton, the rule of the cross roads in the Republican party in this State passed away. Kernan was not the pioneer of the new political order, for Tilden walked ahead of him, but he was the precursor of New York Democracy in Washingon, being the first Democrat to occupy a seat in the Senate from New York since his party lest had the Republican party as its adversary. "I always believed," it was a familiar saying of Tilden's. "in the potency of definite facts in making an impression upon the voters. I prefer to have one fact rather than a column of rhetoric." He took no stock in theories. He did not believe in bringing issues into a canvass which had to be explained. Neither did Kernan. At the St. Louis National Convention of

1876 Kernan made the speech putting Mr. Tilden in nomination. In the course of it he said: "The taxes collected in New York in 1874 were \$15,000,000. Mr. Tilden has been in office eighteen months, and the taxes to be collected next year will be \$8,000,000." Mr. Kernan's speech was delivered without great oratorical fervor, but it was a convincing and a common-sense argument, and proved very effective with the wavering delegates. In the ensuing Presidential canvass Mr. Kernan took an active part, and adhered closely to the issues framed and favored by Mr. Tilden: Adninistrative reform, constitutional methods, frugality in the expense, a complete turning out of Republican officeholders and the substitution of Democrats in their places. Of these ideas, and of other ideas of government, favored by the Democratic party. Mr. Kernan continued to bothe official exponent in Washington. On one occasion April 25, 1878) the hiver and Harbor bill, the besetting menace to the national treasury, was up for consideration in the Senate. Mr Kernan, unable to discern any other method whereby the prodigal waste of the people's money, involved in its adoption, might be prevented, proposed as an amendment that but 75 per cent, of the amount appropriated

should be used during the fiscal year in which it was authorized. Thurman, Voorhees Bayard, Wallace, and Beck stood with him for the retrenchment, but the Republicans were too strong, and the amendment was outvoted. Mr. Kernan's term as Senator expired in 1881, and the contest which was to determine the control of the Legislature was waged in 1880, the year of the Presidential election. The unfortunate reference to a tariff, exclusively for revenue, made by the Cincinnati Convention, turned the efforts of the Demoeratic campaigners from their former channels and diverted them from the advocacy of those party principles which Mr. Tilden had outlined, and in defending which the Democracy of this State has always enjoyed a decided advantage over the Bepublicans. Supporting them, it is accustomed to win. The "tariff for revenue only" issue brought actively into the Democratic canvass a number of earnest orators and excited theorists, who contributed only their personal suffrages to a party which needed votes by thousands to win. They drove from the Democracy many who would have otherwise supported its candidates. The result of it was that Mr. Kernan, and those sharing his conservative and popular views of the tariff question, were relegated to positions of security, and the interests of the Democracy, in the National Committee rooms, on the stump, and in the local headquarters, were intrusted to inexperienced, unsteady, and unsafe hands. The result of the battle was a complete discomiture for the newcomers, the Republicans electing eightyone Assemblymen, and the Democrats but forty-seven. When the new Legislature assembled it had a Republican ma-jority of more than fifty, and, after a spirited contest. Thomas C. Platt was made the Republican caucus nominee. Mr. Kernan was accorded the empty honor of the Democratic nomination, but it was coupled with a compliment-ho received it unanimously. Thus ended the six years' service of the only Democrat to represent New York in the Senate for more than twenty years. For the ten years succeeding New York continued o be represented in the Senate by Republicans. Not until 1801 were the Democrats

enabled to elect another Senator, namely, David B. Hill, whose identification with Tilden, and the policies of which he was the recognized exponent, was as strong as Kernan's. The younger generation of New York Demoerats have no distinct personal recollection, most of them, of Francis Kernan. He was ap old-fashioned man, and dressed in an oldfashioned way. He looked like a modern edi-tion of Brutus. His face was of a sober and sedate cast. He dressed in mortuary black, wore a high standing collar, and a profuse cravat of sombre color. His preference was for dark shades. About the only light thing about

characterized his devotion to the cause of the Democracy. Everybody in and everybody in Albany acquainted with political matters, knew Francis Kernan, but few knew him well enough, even in his early days, to call him Frank, and he resented such evidences of familiarity. He was a man of force and of intense convictions, thoughtful, sober-minded, and inflexible, but trustworthy and always sincers. As a candidate for Governor in 1872 he was probably the worst beaten man who ran for that office up to that time, but ten years later the extent of the disaster which overtook him was thrown com-pletely in the shade by the tidal wave of popular dissent which overpowered Charles J. Folger. And yet Judge Folger was a splendid type of a New York Republican, just as Francis Kernan was, to the day of his death, a splendid type of a New York Democrat, honored and re-spected in his life and deeply mourned and lamented now that the tidings of his death

### "BARBARA FREITCHIE."

have reached Albany.

### Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth Tells How Whitter Came to Write the Poem, WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.-Mrs. E. D. E. N. South-

worth, the popular novelist, lives in a pictu-

resque house on the heights of Georgetown.

overlooking the Potomac. The authoress, who

was a life-long friend of John G. Whittier, told a reporter to-day an interesting story of her connection with the writing of the Quaker poet's famous ballad of "Barbara Freitchie." "In September, 1863," said Mrs. Southworth. "a Mr. C. S. Ramsburg, a neighbor of mine. related to my son Richmond and myself the story of Stonewall Jackson's raid through Maryland the previous year and his passage through Frederick, telling us how old Barbara Freitchie, a connection of Mr. Ramsburg, hung out from her window the Stars and Stripes. and how they were shot down. If I remember rightly. Barbara was at the time more than the years old. The town was about equally divided between sympathizers with the Union and the Confederacy. Barbara was a stanch Unionist, and when, on hearing of the approach of Stonewall Jackson and his army. the Unionists of the town hid their flags, the brave old lady nailed a small American flag to a staff and placed it at her window. Jackson came riding in at the head of his men, and, seeing the flag, ordered them to shoot it down. They did so, and the flag fell. It was then that Barbara caught the flag up and, leaning far out of her window, waved it high above Jackson's head, crying out to him: 'Shoot me, if you dare, but share the flag' Jackson halted, looked up at the brave old lady, and to, the everlasting glory of the man and soldier, ordered his men to 'march on.' That was about the way the incident was related to me by Mrs. Ramsburg,' said Mrs. Southworth, "and upon my son remarking, 'Whata grand subject for a poem by Whittier, mother,' I sat down and wrote to Mr. Whittier, telling him the story and acquainting him with my son's suggestion. I received an early reply, which was as follows:

"Avestrat, Ome, 8th, 1863. her window. Jackson came riding in at

tion. I received an early reply, which was as follows:

"My Dran Mrs. Southworth: I heartly thank thee for the very kind letter and its enclosed message. It sught to have failen into better hands but I have instructed in the latter bailed of "Barbara Freitchle," which will appear in the next details. If it is good for anything thee deserts in that in the hy pleasant cottage has been also been an invalid to undertake the course. I thank these none the less, however, for asking me. I shall go there in imagination if I cannot otherwise.

With best wishes for thy health and happiness, I am, most truly thy F.D.

"Wa corresponded for many years," continued Mrs. Southworth, "and when I sent him the story of Barbara Freitchle' I wrote him that I considered it a message from the split world. Barbara died, if I remember correctly, shortly after the incident related, and therefore never had the pleasure of reading Mr. Whittler's beautiful lines, which first appeared, I think, in the Allandic of October, 1863."

### DR. HOLMES ON WHITTIER'S DEATH. "One of the Sweetest Singers We Ever Had

or Ever Shatt Have." Bevenly Farms, Mass., Sept. 8.-On learning of Mr. Whittier's death, Dr. Holmes said yesterday: "Mr. Whittier's was one of the sweetest natures-he was one of the sweetest singers we ever had or ever shall have. His death was to be expected in the course of nature, but,

nevertheless, it leaves me stunned." Dr. Holmes said he had been on terms of intimacy with Mr. Whittier for many years. His acquaistance with him dated from the startnequalitance with him dated from the starting of the Allantic Monthly in 1857. He had corresponded with him ever since then, and of late years had often received from him letters expressing sentiments of the highest regard and expressions of friendship. The Doctor said he had frequently visited Whittier at Oak Knoll. It was, he said, a beautiful sight to see the noet among his trees around his home.

"The last time I saw him there, said Dr. Holmes," was last year, and we had a most delightful time together. When I came away he just loaded me down with fruit. It was a very pretty act.

# A FOUR-HANDED DUEL.

# The Statue of St. Rosalla Causes Trouble

very pretty act.

Among Brooklyn Italians. A fight in which several pistol shots were exchanged, securred about 4% o'clock yesterday afternoon between some Italians in President and Van Brunt streets, Brooklyn. The combatants were Robert Delsamo and his brother, Carmich of Delsamo, who keeps a gro-cery store at 23 President street, and Joseph Bonisino, a stevedore well known along the river front as "Big Jim" and his sixteen-yearold son, John. There was bad feeling between the families, each of whom is well known in the Italian colony in South Brooklyn, and when the men encountered each other yesterday afternoon pistols were drawn as quick as a flash, and a lively fusillade followed which drove all the startled pedestrians in the crowded neighborhood to cover. The battle raged four or five minutes, the combatants not withdrawing from the scene until half a

not withdrawing from the scene until half a dozen policemen were seen Scurrying to the spot from various directions.

Although fully a dozen shots were fired only one casualty occurred, the victim being Robert belsame. He was being carried off by his friends with a bullet in his abdomen when the policemea rushed up. An ambulance was sent for, but his friends refused to allow him to be removed to the hospital, and insisted on taking him to his home. He is thought to be mortally wounded. Big Jim disappeared after the shooting, but his son was arrested an hoar later white crouching under a bed at 64 Union street. Five other Italiaus were arrested as winceses. Union street. Five other Italiaus were arrested as witnesses.

The quarrel between the brothers Delsamo and Big Jim had a peculiar origin. A marble statue of St. Rosalia, who was instrumental in banishing the cholera from Palermo a couple of hundred years ago, was recently imported to Brocklyn for presentation to the little Italian Church of the Sacred Heart in President street. A pleture of St Rosalia accompanied the statue. The Delsamos and Fig Jim were among the chief subscribers to the fund, and were members of the statue committee. Last Saturday night the committee met and arranged for the unveiling of the statue on the following day. There was a quarrel at the meeting of the committee over the temporary disposal of the picture of the sinut. The Delsamos insisted that they be allowed to exhibit the pictured in their gracery store, while Big Jim was equally emphatic in his demands that the picture should be placed in his custody. The inceding adjourned without coming to an agreement. The street duel yesterday was the direct result of the controversy.

Everybody Wants a Chance at the Boxes The Banquet Committee of the Columbus Celebration Committee of One Hundred grappled with an important question yesterday. It is no less than the disposition of the bexes at the Lenox Lyceum for the banquet which is to be part of the celebration. Protests have been made against allowing the members of the Committee of One Hundred to have first choice in the selection, and petitions have been presented asking that the boxes leadisposed of at auction. The matter was referred to a sub-committee of five, of which George E. Clausen is Chairman, which was bear appeals and resport to the full committee.

Adit.-Gen. Porter, whose New York office is on the same floor with that of Secretary Wahle of the Committee of One Hundred called on the latter yesterday and announced that the National Guard of the State will turn out in full force and participate in the military parade on the morning of Oct 12. the Lenox Lyceum for the banquet which is

# Released on Ball and Then Lynched.

THE WHALEBACK WETMORE WRECKED. She Ends a Series of Disnaters by Running

Ban Francisco, Sept. 8.-News has just comfrom Coos Bay, Ore., that the whaleback C. W. Netmore has ended her career of disasters or this coast by running on a sand spit in Cons Bay. All the crew were saved, but the steamer is said to be a total loss. The Wetmore was oaded with 2,800 tons of coal for the Southern Pacific Company and was due here from Tacoma next Saturday. The whaleback excitad much interest here because it was predicted that she couldn't come around Cape Horn. She was built by the American Steel Barge Company at West Superior, and arrived here on Dec. I. 1800. She passed this harbor on that day with her rudder disabled, but continued north, and when colf the Columbia lifter her propeller dropped out. She was towed into Astoria by the tramp steamer Zambesi, which recovered \$20,000 salvage. This was a tough beginning, but in the following month, after being repaired, she ran on the bar of Inchomish kiver, in Fuget Sound, and was damaged. On July 30 last she was found to be leaking and had to be again repaired. On Feb. 10 she ran on the rock in Victoria harbor, and was again laid up for repairs. Last April, in going up the coast from San Diego to Victoria, she met heavy wenther and had her bows stove in. The heavy steel stanchions at the bow were twisted as though they had been telegraph wire. Her Captain was changed twice to remove the hoodoo, but it wasn't successful. cause it was predicted that she couldn't

Turkey Indemnifies Dr. Bartlett, WASHINGTON, Sept. 8-The Department of State is advised by the United States Charge d'Affairs at Constantinople that the Turkish Government has acquiesced in the claim of ican missionaries at Bourdour, in the province of Konia, Asia Minor, and reparation for the injuries to the person and property of Dr. Bartlett. Indemnity to the full value of the unfinished house, which was turned, ussides a personal indemnity to Dr. Bartlett has been tendered and accepted. Mavroyeni ley, the Turkish Minister, had a conference with Secretary of state Foster yesterdny and confirmed the assurances of the friendly desire of his Government to meet all just demands and to perform all its international duties in the protection of American clizzens and their interests in the Turkish Empire. The Bourdourincident is regarded as practically settled, removing the occasion for the despatch of war vessels to Smyrna to investigate the affair. ican missionaries at Bourdour, in the province sels to Smyrna to investigate the affair.

### MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

BOR rises... 5 85 | Sun sets... 6 18 | Moon rises. 7 5 BREUNING,-On Wednesday, Sept. 7, Allele HIGH WATER-THIS DAY. Sandy Hook, 9 17 | Gov. Island, 9 40 | Hell Gate, 11 30

Arrived-THERSDAY, Sept. 8. Arrived—Tinnspar, Sept. 8.

Sa Obdam, Bakker, Rotterdam,
Sa Bebreed Bunnos, Lamipe, Gibara,
Sa George Dunnos, Lamipe, Gibara,
Sa Ravenspale, Davies, Progreso,
Sa Saratega, Leighton, navana,
Sa Trindad, Frazer, Barbadoes,
Sa Oid Dominon, Couch, Ruchmond,
Sa El Monte, Quick, New Origana,
Bark Watchman, Crawford, Rio Grande,
[For later arrivals see Pirst Page.]

ARRIVATIONS.

PARLED PRON PORRIGH PORTS Sa Majestic, from Queenstown for New York. Sa City of Chester, from Liverpool for New York.

SETGOING STEAMSHIPL City of Berlin, Livernool... Cherokee, Charleston, State of Texas, Fernandina, City of Birmingham, Savan-nah... 3:00 P. M Soil Temorron City of Rome, Glasgow .... sta, Savannah.

INCOMING STEAMSHIPL

Reigenland ... Alaska. Due Mondry, Sept. 12. State of Nevada... Neustria England....

City of Alexandria Havana ... Flata tibraltar ... Vigilancia Rio Janeiro .....Liverpool Manadam. Mohawk Rhyniand

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dark shades. About the only light thing about him was his hair, which was very thick and very white, and fringed his face in such a manner as to make him look serious on all occasions without, at the same time, ever appearing benign. He was not an old man in years, but he way of late, in infirmities, suffering much from rheumatism, and in consequence of it was obliged to forego many of the active services which, in previous times, and lynched him.

Released on Rail and Then Lynched.

New Onleans, Sept. 8.—Sam Dixon, a negre, with the light of the adversary of the day was lynched yesterday in Kenner, a suburb of New Onleans, for shooting Judge Henry Long.

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Bushs chiralter than fives for the next 10 days 10,000 50c, and 25c, paper novels 8c, earl 5,000 a 5c, 20,000 at 10c, earl; 90,000 magazine at 1c, earl; earl; one containing a complete tany; 100,000 ergant leand in at at 6c, earls and it, ers of every description, steel by glastic chiral away from altheory; purchase; nd and new bear in an quantity beauty fall at readence from could us a postal carl. Tai Linky s New York

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